

SEPTEMBER

superior to *all* other companies doing business in this State, in this, that *all of its franchises* are non-forfeitable from date of *first* payment, and no restrictions as to residence, occupation, &c. June 26, 1869.—

100-443887-1

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

WHOLE NO.1692

world in the bargain, even to the last man.

"My friends," he said, addressing them with great solemnity, "it is no trifling favor to accord, that of giving help to so many people in so short a time.—There is only one way that I know of ef-

lecting a general cure amongst you, and that is, of choosing the one who is most seriously ill and throwing him into the fire. When he is consumed, ashes will be distributed amongst you all to swallow.—The remedy is extreme, but I'll stake my head on the result.

Saying this he sternly contemplated the surrounding crowd, as if examining their condition. But amongst them all there was not one who for the whole of Norway would have allowed that his malady was serious. The doctor, addressing one of them, exclaimed, "You are look-

"Then what do you here you villian?"

Without answering, the sick man opened the door and took to his heels. The king, who was outside, perceived the sick man leave the hall, "Are you cured?" he asked.

What was the result of this manoeuvre? There was not a single soul, old or young; male or female, who would consent

The delighted king returned to the hall to congratulate the doctor. He was amazed and filled with admiration at the skill that in so short a time could work such

The king overwhelmed him with presents. He assured him of his eternal friendship, and permitted him to return to his wife, on condition, however, that when he was wanted he should not hesitate.

urged to come only by the use of the stick. The countryman now bade adieu to the king. He had now no longer an occasion to be a laborer; and no longer, therefore, cared to beat his wife. To his dying day, however, he never knew how

TERRIBLE THUNDER STORM.—On Friday after noon our town and vicinity were visited with one of the most destructive thunder storms ever known here. M

Stephen McCully, living some three miles from Marion, while on his way to town, a hat being overtaken by the rain, stopped at Mr. John E. Vary's one mile from home, until the storm should abate; and while sitting by the fire drying his gloves

was stricken by the lightning and instantly killed. On the opposite side of the fire sat a negro woman who was knocked off her chair, and for a time rendered insensible. A negro man standing about five feet from the fire, was shocked to insens-

A negro man, in the employ of William G. Johnson, on the "James Underwood"

place," while walking through his cabin was stricken and instantly killed;—his clothing was burnt entirely off of him, and his flesh completely roasted, in some places.

Adam Whitman and Christian Min-
s hardt, living some four miles from town,
had been out fishing, and on their way
home stopped in an old house on the plain
taken out of the storm, and while the

of We understand that two negroes were killed at the Junction and one at Harrell's Cross Roads, and one or two in Edge-
 of which we can not make a

The Etowah Iron Works.

have recently been seized by the United States Government, as the property of the Confederate States, at the instance of the Commissioner at Washington, under the 12th section of the act of 1861, and under the act of Congress, "The Revenue

property comprises some 15,000 acres of land. Suit has been instituted, and Lorraine and Chuck retained as counsel for the Government. We look for a big fight among big lawyers, over this prime piece of land, worth thousands of dollars.

Negroes in Georgia

A letter received at Washington from

a Georgia colored man, engaged in forming trade unions, states that the colored people cannot get justice, and that they are preparing to emigrate to the Northwest. A committee has been appointed to go out there to see how the land lies.

Their purpose extends further, to the securing of aid to enable them to get on there. The Richmond Dispatch thinks Congress ought to vote them some land. Then we should see the sharpers about poor emigrants like sharks about a cholera

"Miss," said a high-strung swain to a rural dulcinea, "Let us walk in your beautiful meadow where the clover is in blossom and the amorous zephyrs play."

in "Oh, darn the amorous niggers," she
plied, "I see enough of them over
dad's farm."

A. Woods - E

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,
Saturday, Sept. 11, 1899.

New Improvements.—We learn that Messrs. Dambmann, have just finished and put in operation a new and splendid Steam Saw Mill, capable of turning out 10,000 feet of lumber per day, 10 miles north of Jacksonville, immediately on the S. R. & D. Railroad. In about 4 weeks they will have completed, in addition, a fine flouring mill and planing, tongue and grooving machine.

These gentlemen, three in number, are brothers, Germans by birth. They are also enterprising merchants and farmers, and have the latest and most improved farming implements in use.

Dennis, Swift & Co., Selma, Ala.—We invite special attention to the advertisement of this excellent and reliable firm. They have the largest and most conveniently situated Warehouse in the city—will afford every facility and accommodation, and we cordially commend them to the confidence and patronage of our readers.

New Cotton.—Two bales of cotton of the present crop, the first delivered at this place, were brought to our depot on Monday morning last, by A. W. Ledbetter, one of them raised by J. L. Turk, on the farm of Mr. Ledbetter, near Alexandria; and the other by Capt. F. Woodruff who bought the first named bale at 30 cts.

Land Sales.—Persons who wish to purchase valuable lands should not overlook the advertisements of valuable land sales in this paper, by W. C. Hart, Adm., also Coosa river land by Commissioners. Mr. R. P. Wood, also offers for sale to the highest bidder valuable Lands in Fish-head valley on Tallapoosa river, all the sales to take place next month.

It is seldom indeed that so large a quantity of truly valuable land is offered at public sale.

It will also be seen, by reference to advertisement that Messrs. Amberson and Cantrell will offer for sale several valuable and desirable Lots in Jacksonville, on the second Monday of next Circuit Court.

Light Forth—Cheap and Safe.—See advertisement of Mr. J. W. Manly, who has opened a store in this place for the sale of Estrella Oil and Lamps, which has proven to be non-explosive and at least one half cheaper than any other light.—We, and others of this place have tried it within the last week, and it is believed to be all that is recommended.

The Board of the Calhoun Agricultural Society had an interesting meeting in this place on Monday Last, the proceedings of which appear in this paper. Young men who desire to contend for the prize, should send in their names immediately. The meeting to take place in October is expected to be exceedingly interesting, at which addresses will be delivered by able Orators, and arrangements made for a number of valuable premiums. We shall refer to this meeting more particularly at length hereafter.

The officers and members of this Society deserve great credit for the energy and perseverance they have thus far displayed, and their efforts we believe are destined to be very valuable to the agricultural interest of our County.

See the new advertisement of Messrs. J. B. Turnley & Co., Grocers and Commission Merchants. This prompt, energetic, accommodating and liberal firm will keep full and varied stocks constantly on hand, give the highest price for produce, and sell Groceries upon terms as favorable as they can be purchased in the up-country.

The Board of the Agricultural Society of Calhoun county, Ala., met in our Town on last Monday, the 6th inst., when many matters of interest transpired; but as we have neither time nor space this week, to give a full account of proceedings, we only publish, in short, that the committee, appointed at last meeting of the Society, to suggest arrangements for a premium to be awarded to the one who shall raise the greatest amount of what on one acre of ground, the ensuing year, being called upon, gave in their report, which was read and received, and which we will publish in our next issue.

The committee suggested arrangements, and a premium for a plough match, to take place at Jacksonville, on the 1st Thursday of October next,—reported as follows:—to wit:—

Your committee on arrangements for a plough match, to take place 1st Thursday in October next, and to suggest a prize for the same, report the following:

1st. There shall be two lists of Competitors, one consisting of those who use the two horse plow, and the other list to consist of those who use the one horse plow.

2nd. Those wishing to enter the contest will be expected to have their names enrolled with the Secretary, Geo. I. Turnley—either in person or by letter, by the 1st day of October next.

3rd. The contests will take place between those using the same number of horses.

4th. The competitors shall choose their own implements.

5th. There shall be two premiums—one to be awarded to the one who succeeds best with a two horse plow, and the other, to be awarded to the one who succeeds best, with a one horse plow.

6th. The President shall appoint a committee of five persons, who shall act as Judges, and decide which of the competitors is the best hand to plow, and entitled to the premium, and the one so decided upon by said Judges, shall be the successful competitor.

7th. Said committee, will prepare and present to the successful competitors, a badge of distinction as an insignia of their triumph.

8th. The premiums, shall consist of a good two horse turning plow, of the latest, improved styles, to each successful competitor, to be selected, purchased and delivered by said Judges.

9th. Said match shall take place at or near Jacksonville, Ala., on stable land, to be selected by said Judges, who will publish in the Jacksonville Republican, the place they select.

10th. The Secretary, will present each competitor, when he enrolls his name, with an appropriate badge to be worn on the hat, during the day of the contest.

11th. It is earnestly urged upon the committee of five Judges, that they invite, especially, all the ladies, to witness said match. All which is respectfully submitted,

E. T. READ, Chm.
J. D. HAMMOND,
G. B. DOUGHTY,
Wm. H. FORNEY,
D. F. WEAVER,
F. SNOW,
G. I. TURNLEY,
Committee.

The President then appointed on said committee of five Judges P. Rowan as Chairman, W. R. Hanna, G. B. Doughty, F. F. Felling Snow and D. F. Weaver.

On motion the President also appointed a committee on arrangements for that day, consisting of John D. Hoke, Chairman, Ed. L. Woodward, D. P. Forney, J. M. Carroll, and J. D. Hammond.—The Board then adjourned.

We understand that Thos. J. Broyles, Woodford W. Hanna, have given their names to the Sec'y, as contestants for the premium offered. All others wishing to enter should lose no time in giving their names in, as the Sec'y should know as early as possible how many contestants there will be.

Latest News.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Sept. 6.—A dispatch from Halifax state, there is nothing found to warrant the detention of the *Homestead*. The Spanish consul has required a loan of \$20,000. The Captain of the vessel protests against further detention or search. General Sherman has arrived.

General Rawlins is very weak and is suffering. There are hopes, by the use of stimulants, of keeping him alive until the arrival of the President, who is looked for this afternoon.

It is stated that Senator Fessenden is somewhat better, with hopes of a favorable result.

FROM PENNSYLVANIA.

Seranton, Sept. 6.—Great excitement exists here in consequence of the burning of a coal breaker at Avondale mines, in Plymouth county, about 20 miles south of this city. Two hundred men and boys are in the mines; the shaft of which, their only means of escape, is choked by fire, and the burning coal and smoke are entering the shaft, and the men are entombed.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Feminine arms and ammunition are being used by the Cubans.

The funeral of Gen. Rawlins will take place on Thursday. All the departments will be closed till Friday, except for necessary business. Governor Walker, with prominent Virginians, will represent that State. Troops will be called from adjacent posts to assist in the funeral exercises.

FROM PENNSYLVANIA.

Seranton, Sept. 7.—All work is suspended in this vicinity. Two men who were injured in the mine, were taken to the mine hospital. Trains are being run from all quarters free of charge to aid in rescuing the bodies, whether dead or alive. The number of widows and orphans will not be less than six hundred. The prolonged strike just closed increases the destitution. The men who descended the shaft found the doors at the bottom closed, and lost their lives while waiting below for implements with which to open the doors. The doors were probably closed by the miners to exclude the flames.

FROM CUBA.

Mayaguez, Sept. 7.—The Foreign residents, principally Germans, are calling into the reserve battalions.

Eight hundred insurgents, surprised and repulsed five hundred volunteers, near Puerto Principe. Reinforcements were sent, when the Cubans declared battle. On the 10th of August, the insurgents, several thousand strong, commanded by Gen. Quacinda, President Céspedes being present, attacked Las Tunas. Two hundred and fifty Cubans were killed. The garrison consisting of 450 troops, lost 100 killed. The fight lasted nine hours.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Sept. 8.—All Government business is suspended to-day, and the public buildings draped in mourning.

The Secretary of the Navy orders minute guns to be fired at the naval stations and by war vessels in honor of Secretary Rawlins.

President Grant and Gen. Sherman were in consultation at the war Department this morning.

The President to-day appointed Gen. Sherman Secretary of War, but is supposed that the Hon. G. B. Dodge will

eventually obtain the portfolio.

FROM PENNSYLVANIA.

Philadelphia, Sept. 8.—A special dispatch says that the Avondale mines have been opened and that the miners are all dead.

James Snyder, who killed a master Mason at Fairmont, committed suicide in Mayonensing prison, by holding his head in a bucket of water.

Seranton, Sept. 8.—It now seems that the efforts made to save the miners probably caused their death. The volume of air sent down for ventilation carried the flames from the burning shaft into the mine. Nothing is now being done except throwing water down the shaft. The blue damp is ascending, making the approach to the mouth of the shaft dangerous.

Two bodies have been brought up, swollen beyond recognition. The bodies were clothed with blood about the mouth, presenting a most horrible spectacle.

A Handsome Inducement.

Every person who sends \$2.50 to the "NINE CENTURY," Publication Co., at Charleston, S. C., receives that superb Magazine for one year, and a copy of either of the Waverley Novels or the works of Charles Dickens that may be designated.—Specimen number with Premium list 55 cents.

The "NINE CENTURY" Publication Co., at Charleston, have been so successful in their enterprise, that they are distributing hundreds of choice Standard works free to the purchasers of the Magazine. Ask for it at News Agency.

"My son," said the anxious father, "why do you use that nasty tobacco?" The boy, declining to consider the question in the spirit in which it was asked, replied: "To get the juice."

A Liberal Proposition.

We now offer, to all new subscribers to the Jacksonville Republican, and also all our present subscribers who will renew and pay in advance, between this date and the first day of November, 1899,

"The Western Home," a large and neat literary periodical, published at Chicago Ill., free of extra charge. Those who accept this proposition will thus get both the Jacksonville Republican and Western Home, a first class literary monthly periodical, each No. containing 40 columns, printed on paper 28 by 42 inches, for \$3 for one year. We will order the paper, and have it directed to the proper person and Post Office.

We take the following from the Montgomery Advertiser, and would add that the Atlas is doing the leading business in this section. Its interests are looked after by our genial friend, Capt. J. M. Renfro, whose office may be found at No. 7, office row—call and see him when you come to Town, and he will take pleasure in explaining the workings of his Company, and send up your application if you desire insurance on your life.

ATLAS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF ST. LOUIS.—We have heretofore called the attention of our readers to the Atlas Mutual in our paper showing list of policy holders secured in so short a time, but would particularly call attention to the large number that has been added during the first month of said year, to the large number of (149) one hundred and forty-nine applications. At this rate of increase the Atlas will, in a very short time, be doing the leading Life Insurance business in the Southern country, if not doing it at this time. One of the principal causes of the unparalleled success of the Atlas is, because its dealings with policy holders are equitable and just. It is the only Company which guarantees on each and every policy a definite cash value. After the payment has been added, the policyholder is entitled to the first premium, declared dividends annually on the contribution plan. All policies are non-forfeiting from the first annual payment, and not until two or three, as in other Companies.

It allows thirty days time on all annual payments. The policies issued by the Atlas combine the advantages by all Companies without any of their objectionable features. One other cause of the great success of the Atlas, is that it is under the able and efficient management of our esteemed friend, Mr. Wm. A. E. Highland, son, who is well known to our people as reliable and thoroughly posted in the insurance business.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY For Sale.

WE the undersigned will offer for sale at private sale by Monday, the 2nd week of next circuit Court, before the court house door in Jacksonville, at 1 o'clock p. m. the following described Lots, to-wit: P. R. of Lot No. 121 and Lot No. 125 and 126 known as the Central Lots—very good.

W. J. E. C. CASTRELL,
Wm. A. E. J. M. CASTRELL,
Sept. 11, 1899.

LAMP AND OIL STORE.

COME AND TRY THE NON-EXPLOSIVE ESTRELLA OIL.

You will get a better, safer and one half cheaper light than the Kerosene Oil will give. I guarantee it to give satisfaction. Send your money and buy none but the Estrella Oil. I am the only one who keeps the popular lamps for burning this Oil. I will change your old Lamp at from 75 to 75 cents, and then you can burn either.

My store is on the south side of the public square, 2nd door west of Seymour's corner.

J. W. MANLEY,
Sept. 11, 1899.

KAYTON'S OIL OF LIFE Cures Gout, Itch Swellings, Insect Stings and Bites.

KAYTON'S PILLS Cures, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and Sick Headache. Orders should be addressed to Prof. H. H. Kayton, Savannah, Ga.

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Sept. 11, 1899.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Sept. 11, 1899.

THIS day came Jackson Bates, by his Attorney James Cook, and presents and files in court his petition in writing, representing in substance, that in and during the year 1877, John Edwards, a citizen of said county, died intestate, seized and possessed of certain property, real and personal—that R. W. Draper became the Administrator of the Estate of said decedent, and under an order of said court, and by virtue of the authority vested in him, did in the year 1878, cause to be sold, sold and sold of said property, both real and personal, the sale of which amounted to over (\$5,000), five thousand and dollars. Petitioner further alleges that the said R. W. Draper has never made final settlement and distribution of said estate that the said Draper has left the State of Alabama and is now a citizen of or supposed to be a citizen of the State of Texas. Petitioner further represents, that he is an heir and distributee of said estate having married Alabella E. Bates, formerly Alabella E. Edwards and daughter of the said John Edwards, and that he has never received his distributive share of said estate or any part thereof.

The premises considered, petitioner asks an order of Court requiring he said Draper to file in court his account and vouchers and make final settlement and distribution of said estate. Thereupon it is ordered by the court, that the 6th day of October, 1899, be, and the same is hereby set apart for the hearing of said petition, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published weekly in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to said R. W. Draper, administrator as aforesaid, to be and appear at a Special Term of said court, to be held at the Court House of said county on said 6th day of October, 1899, and then and there file in said court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate, and upon his failure to do so, the court, upon such evidence as may be brought before the court, will proceed to state an account between said administrator and said estate for final settlement of the same as provided for by law.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
Sept. 11, 1899.

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Sept. 11, 1899.

J. P. DENNIS, GEO. C. SWIFT, JOHN ERLIART.

THE Large Cotton Warehouse

DENNIS, SWIFT & CO.,
SEALERS, ETC.

Is Again Open.

And will store Cotton on more favorable terms than ever.

We have the largest Warehouse in the city, conveniently situated for both Buyer and Seller, and as we have experienced Cotton Weighers, and Reliable Watchmen, Planters and Merchants can readily see that it will be to their interest to patronize this Warehouse.

Freights advanced, and Cotton dried free of charge. Sep. 11, '99.

THE following embraces a list of persons to whom License have been issued, showing the business or profession for the carrying on or doing of which such License were taken out, &c., in Calhoun county, Ala. to-wit:

E. G. Barney, Apt. & License to sell Tobacco and Cigars.

N. D. Criswell, License to peddle on foot.

W. A. Johnson, License to sell Tobacco.

D. A. Cunningham, License to sell Druggs.

T. J. Eaton and W. R. Reese, License to wholesale spirituous liquors.

James A. Gribble, License to keep a Jack.

Sergeant Griffin, License to sell Druggs.

J. M. Renfro, License as Agent for Atlas Mutual Life Insurance Company.

E. W. Wesson, License to sell Tobacco.

G. W. Ward, License to practice Medicine.

E. M. Spalding, License to keep a Jack.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

I, Alexander Woods, Judge of Probate in and for said county, hereby certify, that the foregoing embraces a true list of License issued by me, for the 2nd quarter ending the 2nd of September, 1899, as appears of record in my office.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
Sept. 8, 1899.

NOTICE.

BY virtue of an Order of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, made on the 4th September, 1899, I will, as Administrator of the Estate of A. Hart, deceased, sell on the premises, near White Plains, Ala.,

On Monday the 15th day of October next,

The following described Land, to-wit: All that part of the south east fourth of section 33, township 14, range 7, lying north of a line of section 34, and east of a line of section 32, containing 160 acres more or less—also about 40 acres, lying in the west part of the west half of the south west fourth of section 34, township 14, range 7, and part of a tract of land owned by Dr. Edwards in said quarter, and being the tract of Land upon which A. Hart resided at his death. Said Land will be sold for cash—one-third in one year and one-third in two years, the balance to be paid in cash or by note bearing interest, to-wit: To W. C. HARP, Adm., P. S. Also, at the same time, I will sell one MILE for cash.

Sept. 11, 1899—50.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Sept. 11, 1899.

THIS is the first of the court case Simpson Skinner, Administrator with the will annexed of the Estate of Josiah Wrenick, deceased, and presents his account and vouchers for the first quarter of said estate, which is hereby ordered to be filed for the inspection of all concerned.—It is further ordered, that the 5th day of October, 1899, be set for making said settlement and that publication thereof be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a Special Term of said court, to be held at the Court House of said county on said 5th day of October, 1899, and then and there said account, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
Sept. 11, 1899.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Sept. 11, 1899.

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Land Sale.

360 Acres Fish-head valley Land,

To be sold to the highest bidder at Chula Vista, Calhoun county, Ala., on the 15th day of OCTOBER NEXT.

A good farm, in a high state of cultivation, 150 acres bottom Land—good buildings and orchard—good schools and churches in half mile.

Also 200 acres five miles east, well improved—40 acres bottom Land on Riddle's Mill Creek—Terms half cash, the balance in 12 months. For any information desired, apply to S. Doolin on the premises.

R. P. WOOD.
Sept. 11, 1899—41.

NOTICE.

BY virtue of an Order of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, made on the 4th day of September, 1899, appointing me the undersigned as Commissioners to sell for the division and distribution, between Cook, W. C. Hart, Elizabeth A. Luterger, Martha Jane Hart and Josephine Hart, joint owners, the following Lands, lying in the counties of Calhoun and St. Clair in one body, and known and distinguished as follows: Fractional section 5, township 15, range 6—also fractional section 6, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 7, township 15, range 6—also fractional section 8, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 9, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 10, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 11, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 12, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 13, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 14, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 15, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 16, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 17, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 18, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 19, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 20, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 21, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 22, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 23, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 24, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 25, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 26, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 27, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 28, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 29, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 30, township 15, range 6—also the undivided one half interest in fractional section 31, township

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Saturday, Sept. 18, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year in advance, \$3 00

For six months, " 1 75

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion, \$1 00

Each subsequent insertion, 50

Over one square counted as two, &c.

Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

The attention of persons who desire to enter into the cultivation of the grape, is invited to the advertisement of Mr. Robert C. Johnson, of White Plains, Ala. The varieties he offers for sale are the finest, best and sweetest crop of any that have yet been introduced into our country, and we can safely assure those who may want to cultivate them, that they are entirely free from that dreaded scourge, the grape rot.

We visited Mr. Johnson's Vineyard, comprising several acres, in May last, and were delighted with the deep, clean and thorough culture he had given it. We are convinced that with such cultivation a Vineyard must be exceedingly profitable as well as pleasant employment. Mr. J. had also a number of choice fruit trees of different varieties.

RAIN & HAIL.—We had a considerable storm of rain mingled with hail, in this locality, on Thursday evening last. We have not as yet heard of any damage done by the hail.

By the latest election news from Maine the Radical majority of 20,000 last year has been reduced to 5,000. One half this ratio of reduction in Pennsylvania and Ohio, will insure the election of the democratic candidates for Governor in each of these States by handsome majorities. The democrats are perfectly confident of victory, and the Radicals, so far as we have noticed, seem to have given it up.

Judge D. M. Hood has sold the office of the Rome Commercial to Mr. A. Nevin, who has been connected with the paper during the past year, and has considerable experience and ability as an Editor. The name of the paper has been changed to "Southern & Commercial." It will remain democratic in politics as heretofore.

A Liberal Proposition.

We now offer to all new subscribers to the Jacksonville Republican, and also all our present subscribers who will renew and pay in advance, between this date and the first day of November, 1893, "The Western Home," a large and neat literary periodical, published at Chicago, Ill., free of extra charge. Those who accept this proposition will thus get both the Jacksonville Republican and Western Home, a first class literary monthly periodical, each No. containing 34 columns, printed on paper 28 by 42 inches, for \$3 for one year. We will order the paper, and have it directed to the proper person and Post Office.

We take the following from the Montgomery Advertiser, and would add that the Atlas is doing the leading business in this section. Its interests are looked after by our genial friend, Capt. J. M. Renfro, whose office may be found at No. 7, office row—call and see him when you come to Town, and he will take pleasure in explaining the workings of his Company, and send up your application if you desire Insurance on your life.

ATLAS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF ST. LOUIS.—We have heretofore called the attention of our readers to the Atlas and to our paper showing the list of policy holders secured in so short a time, but would particularly call attention to the large number that has been added during the past month, which amounts to the handsome number of (149) one hundred and forty-nine applications. At this rate of increase the Atlas will in a very short time, be doing the leading Life Insurance business in the Southern country, if not doing it at this time. One of the principal causes of the unparalleled success of the Atlas is, because its dealings with policy holders are equitable and just. It is the only Company which guarantees on each and every policy a definite cash value. After the payment of the first premium, declares its dividends annually on the contribution plan. All policies are non-forfeiting from the first annual payment, and not until two or three, as in other Companies.

It allows thirty days time on all annual payments. The policies issued by the Atlas combine the advantages of all Companies without any of their objectionable features. One other cause of the great success of the Atlas, is that it is under the able and efficient management of our esteemed friend, Maj. Wilson E. Richardson, who is well known to our people as reliable and thoroughly posted in the insurance business.

The Southern Outlook.

On the march to regeneration and deliverance from Radical and C. Bay rule, the South "hastens slowly," but still makes progress. Every day brings her nearer to the goal—no thanks to her enemies who aimed at her perpetual bondage—until at least, she had obtained her own consent to be chained, a willing captive, to the Radical party—but thanks to the ameliorating influence of time, and the recuperative powers of truth and justice. Every one of the seceding States might long since have been re-established in the so-called Union had they been willing to pay the price of allegiance to

"the party" which was demanded. Men like Rice, White and McKim-try were willing to pay the price. But to the eternal honor of the united mass of the Southern people, they refused it with scorn, preferring "the slings and arrows of outrageous fortune," which a vindictive Congress has hurled at them for four years, with the set purpose to humble their pride and force them in dishonor to their knees. Had not the fortune of our people proved equal to the trial, they would have sacrificed before the country and the world all the glory and renown, hard won in the four years' struggle against overpowering odds. We should, as people, have become a by-word among the nations, and a "stench in the nostrils" of honorable men. And now our reward is in view—the long march toward military and C. B. tyranny is nearly at an end. The power of our enemies is visibly tottering to its fall—our political friends in the Nation are pressing firmly and confidently to the control of the Congress, and our own people are beginning to reap the fruits of an energy and perseverance, that in the midst of the apparently insurmountable trials of a system of labor ruddy and suddenly overthrown, have already forested the important fact, that without slave labor the South is destined to be the richest section of the Union. We shall have the power of the "Almighty dollar" to back the genius for statesmanship which has always distinguished our people, to win our way back to our former place of commanding influence in the councils of the Federal Government. That place will be taken with clean hands, patriotic hearts, and a poet and a hearing, unimpaired, by a single State instance of unmanly flinching, though eight years of terrible ordeal. We exclude from the honorable roll the rare cases of individuals who have fallen by the wayside of the fatiguing journey, or who have been seduced by the lures of office to join the enemies of their country. They will have their reward, if in nothing else, in the shame of knowing when the time comes for rejoicing over the South's deliverance, that they have no part or lot in the public jubilation.

History has falsified the truth in all her examples if a great future is not before this long-suffering Southern people. Division of labor, fertilizers and labor-saving agricultural implements, it is now plain, will produce from the Southern soil all that it yielded under the large plantation system. The millions yielded from the earth, formerly required for purchasing and replenishing slave labor, will be hereafter saved, and will necessarily find useful and productive investment at home. The carpet-bag and scalawag exodus, established, and the States Government once more in the hands of the people, the road to peace and prosperity will be clear and open, and learning wisdom from the trials and the errors of the past, we shall "pluck from the nettle of danger the flower of victory."—Mobile Register.

Pennsylvania.

The Age, the able Democratic organ in Philadelphia, indulges in pleasing hopes of Democratic prospects in that State. During the past week we have seen several gentlemen in the press, business, have traveled the State from the Delaware to Ohio, and the reports they give of the tone of public sentiment everywhere uniformly point to an overwhelming Democratic victory. Our informants are gentlemen of intelligence, who would not misrepresent facts. Their opportunities for observation have been very extended, and but for the fact that we can place implicit confidence in their statements, we should feel inclined to doubt the possibility of such a wholesale turning of the masses in behalf of the Democratic nominees as they report. In the large cities and towns, in the retired villages, and throughout the rural districts, the universal cry is: Give us a change of rulers. Any change must be for the better, is the general opinion. If this feeling is taken advantage of in a proper manner, Asa Packer will be elected by a large majority.

Decay of Radicalism.

The reader will find in this morning's Register a well considered, and it appears to us, a perfect and truthful article, on a subject that comes so near to the heart of every friend of constitutional liberty. This party stands in the way of the peace and prosperity of the land. It has had its day played its part, for good or evil, and must in the nature of things, be swept away and give place to new ideas and new policy of administration. The negro, who has been the stalking horse of Radicalism for so many eventful years, has ceased to be a political element except as he stands related to the XVth Amendment, and that amendment is now submitted to the State for adoption or rejection. Hereafter National parties must divide on question of tariff and finance, foreign policy, and integrity and economy in domestic administration. On all these, the experience of the last few years will throw a strong light on the people to the Democratic side. To our mind, these are superficial observers who hold that the Democratic party has fulfilled its mission and must, also, be numbered with the things that have been. The reforms demanded in the Government are John Q. Adams has lately said, "not alone the peculiar province of the Democratic party they are its traditional and immemorial policy." Indeed, the very want of the time, the remedy for the diseases of the State, is a recurrence to democratic principles and practice, which have for their object public economy, low taxes for the benefit of labor, and a sound and stable currency, which last is the only shield of the laborer from the exactions of the pampered public creditor. With these ends in view, superadded to the duty of restoring an overturned constitution, who can say that the Democratic party has not yet a high mission to fill?

Mobile Reg.

Where is all the gold and silver in this country? Our paper money is from 30 to 40 percent discount. From 1849, to 1853, there passed through the mints receiving the device of the Government, over \$800,000,000 in gold silver coins. The largest amount of paper in circulation at any time, was \$700,000,000. Where is the gold and silver? As the paper money has been pushed out, the gold and silver has been taken into the safe, and the

The Bondholders.

Where is all the gold and silver in this country? Our paper money is from 30 to 40 percent discount. From 1849, to 1853, there passed through the mints receiving the device of the Government, over \$800,000,000 in gold silver coins. The largest amount of paper in circulation at any time, was \$700,000,000. Where is the gold and silver? As the paper money has been pushed out, the gold and silver has been taken into the safe, and the

vaults of the men who control this \$2,500,000,000 debt. When the paper money vanishes into thin air, these men will turn upon us and control, the property of the country. It is the best guarantee over and over to make "the chaff to the king better than the poor man's corn." It is cranking the nut, taking out the contents and throwing the shell to the people.

How does this matter stand? Take the widow of a soldier—what money do they pay her? The bondholder goes to the Treasury, presents his coupons, and is paid gold and silver. At the next desk the poor widow's pension is paid in shillings. She goes to market and finds a dollar and a half for a dollar's worth. She buys a dollar and a half's worth for a dollar. I tell you to place the right man in power. It is the deliberate design of men at the head of your Government to change its character. Unless you get back into the safe mooring of the Constitution, within the next four years, you are gone. You may talk of parties, but this is the great question.

[Andrew Johnson at Knoxville.]

Centre-Shots from Prentice.

From a late number of the Louisville Courier Journal we extract the following telling shots from the pen of Prentice:

It costs the Government forty-five millions of dollars to redeem thirty-seven millions of bonds, not due for eighteen years. This is what Boutwell calls "making money." Some people think it is increasing the public debt. How much time will he want at this rate to pay it?

The news from Washington is that Gen. Wilkes, the sporting editor, who has been stakeholder in several prize fights and a standing referee upon all disputed points growing out of such affairs, is to be U. S. Minister to China.

How can specie payments ever be resumed when there is an actual drain of \$50,000,000 a year in gold to Europe for the payments of interest to the European bondholders who don't pay a farthing's tax upon their bonds?

Why should the Federal Government pay thirty millions of dollars per year to the National bank for issuing a black-back currency when it can issue green-backs, a better currency, without paying anything at all?

Why should we keep up an army of fifty thousand men at an expense of \$50,000,000 a year, when an army of ten thousand men, well managed, would do more than the fifty thousand show any signs of doing?

It is said that the Japanese clergy pause every fifteen minutes in their discourses, and say to their congregations "let us take a smoke." They preach sermons pretty much as Grant administered affairs. There was a dance at the late reunion at Gettysburg. They should have had the negro minstrels there. The performers with the "bones" would have found a plenty of instruments at hand.

Why is the Yankee fisherman permitted to have his salt free of duty for curing his fish, while the Western packer of beef and pork is heavily taxed for every grain of salt he uses?

Why should we have a far less amount of currency now to do the business of the country than was required and used when the South was not a party to the Union?

There is good reason for Grant's using so few words. The object of words, according to Tallyrand, is to hide thought, and Grant has very little thought to hide.

George W. Shanks is establishing in Florida a cotton factory with an immense number of spindles. We wish spindle-shanks all success.

The New York Herald says that "the Radicals are going to hell." Perhaps Satan will lock the gate to keep them out.

An Eight Year's Pestilence.

The Friend of India says:

"It is almost impossible to conceive anything more deplorable than the state of the fever-stricken villages of Hooghly and Burdwan. The magnitude of the calamity and the utter hopelessness of the people, while they excite our pity, almost lead us to despair. In the short space of eight years the fever has, it is calculated, swept away two-thirds of the inhabitants of the deserted villages. In some places the mortality has been far greater. When the East Indian railway was opened, Pandooah was a flourishing town, numbering 6,971 souls. In 1862 the fever appeared, and since that time 5,222 persons have fallen victims to its attacks, and a miserable remnant wander like specters round their malaria stricken homes, diseased, emaciated in every limb, and bearing on their pinched and saddened faces, the marks of death. The state of the children, who have a lifetime of work before them, is even more deplorable than that of the grown up men. 'I do not think,' writes the sanitary commissioner after visiting these villages, 'that I exaggerate when I say that five-sixths of the children under eight years of age have spleens four times as large as natural. Infants are to be seen like floundered objects, bearing the expression of pinched and ghastly old age, their ribs starting outwards, and the usual round open looking forehead with a concave convexity. They resemble the monstrousness one sees preserved in pathological museums, than anything else. An atmosphere of silent despair seems to hang over the worst villages, and no wonder, for everything is rotting, the air, the ground, the vital organs of the people.'

MEAN MEN.—Henry Ward Beecher says of mean men, "I have great hope of a wicked man, a wicked man may be converted and become a prominent saint. A mean man ought to be converted six or seven times, one night after the other, to give him a fair start, and put him on an equality with a bold wicked man. I have known men who thought the object of conversion was to cleanse them as a garment is cleansed, and that when they are converted they are to be hung up in the Lord's wardrobe, the door of which was to be shut, so that no dust could get at them. A coat that is not used for months, and a Christian who is hung up so that he shall not be tempted, the moths eat him; and they have poor food at that."

A Handsome Inducement.

Every person who sends \$2.50 to the "NINETEENTH CENTURY," Publication Co., at Charleston, S. C. receives that superb Magazine for one year, and a copy of either of the Waverley Novels or the works of Charles Dickens that may be designated. Specimen number with Premium list 35 cents.

A Century's Letter.—At a meeting of the Polytechnic Association of the American Institute a few days ago, the chairman exhibited a letter which was certainly a curiosity. The letter and envelope were made of sheet iron and weighed less than the regular rate, one-half ounce. The envelope measures four and seven-eighths by two and three-fourths inches. Careful measurement with a micrometer gave one-five hundredth of an inch as the thickness of the sheet. Letters have been written on sheet-iron before, and an iron book of three hundred pages which measures less than one inch in thickness was shown at the World's Fair. The book was printed with elastic type, made especially for the purpose.

TUNTS TO PETERS.—At his father's steam mill near Tuskegee, Ala., young Sears had his arm caught by the rapidly revolving circular saw. It severed nerves, tendons, muscles, arteries, and veins—a frightful cut from shoulder to elbow.—What could save him from festering under a July sun, mortifying, and nothing of? A Dr. O'Leary. He used Darby's Prophetic Fluid. The arm was saved, healed, and is now serviceable.

A HARD-SHELL BAPTIST preached in Washington City lately, and took for his text, "God made man in his own image." He then commenced, "An honest man is the noblest work of God." Then he made a long pause, and looked searching at the audience, and exclaimed, "But I judge God Almighty hasn't had a job in this city for high in these years."

CALIFORNIA.—And now comes California, echoing back over the mountain roof of the continent the glad tidings of Democratic victory that suited her unwavering people from Tennessee and Virginia. The Democratic triumph in California is a sadder disappointment to Radicalism than even the result in Tennessee. There is still some faint hope in the party bosom that Tennessee, by some process of "black democracy," can be manipulated into the performance of a mechanical feat that it will do to style a ratification of the Federal suffrage scheme. But as to California, all hope of that description is gone. California will not consent to give up to a political oligarchy in Washington the State right of regulating her own domestic affairs in her own way. Chicago Times.

Latest News.

FROM NEW JERSEY.

Newton, N. J., Sept. 11.—Four Miners were killed by the premature fall of an old building they were raising at Ocean mines.

FROM MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, Sept. 11.—Latter notices concerning the sale report additional weeks. Two schooners are ashore at Cape Small Point. Only one man of the crews saved.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The Treasury is closed to day in honor of Senator Fessenden's funeral. Very little public business is being transacted at present.

The Revenue Department refuses to compromise the cases growing out of the Mobile schooners Mary. The proposition for a compromise came from David Gibson of Chicago.

General Sherman's appointment to the War Office is made to "call next session of Congress."

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Sept. 11.—Large numbers of cattle from Western Virginia and East Tennessee are passing northward in search of pastures where the drought has ceased.

Hon. John Bell, of Tennessee, is dead. Dispatches report many handsome subscriptions for their relief will be made in many churches to-morrow.

FOREIGN NEWS.

London, Sept. 11.—A letter from Paris, foreboding the early abdication of the Emperor. A relapse is probable. Many think the Prince Imperial will be proclaimed on his next birthday.

Paris, Sept. 11.—The official paper announces that Napoleon is well.

The rumor of probable extension of Serrano's regency gains ground. All parties in Spain are favorable to the proposition.

FROM NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 11.—The subscription for the benefit of the family of Gen. Rowles, has reached forty-one thousand dollars.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Sept. 11.—Revenue to day over half a million.

The Express states that advises say that half the cotton crops of Florida and Georgia is destroyed by the caterpillar.

The State Department is officially advised that New York has ratified the fifteenth amendment.

Private letters from Gen. Sickles say that he is sanguine that Spain will sell Cuba. Serrano is willing, but the Cuban objects.

FROM ATLANTA.

Atlanta, Sept. 13.—A large fire occurred in this city Sunday morning, burning six one-story brick stores on Marietta street, and the large building known as the Norcross corner on the corner of Marietta and Peachtree streets. The loss is estimated at over \$100,000. Insurance \$52,000.

FROM NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 14.—McMann's stables, with five horses, including the famous mare Corn, valued at \$15,000, was burned last night.

FROM MAINE.

Augusta, Sept. 14.—The vote is recorded, but the indications are that Chamberlain is elected Governor by a 3,000 majority, against 20,000 last year.

FROM PARIS.

Paris, Sept. 14.—Prin has held a conference with the Spanish Ministers to France and England. It is rumored the conference favored the last reply to American officialness regarding Cuba being made public. It condemns American meddling, and thinks Spain shall resist the interference.

FROM LONDON.

London, Sept. 14.—A heavy storm occurred yesterday here, and throughout the continent. Telegraphs were prostrated, and many wire-disasters are reported. The steamship City of Liverpool put into Queenstown, leaking. She subsequently started for Avondale.

THE EMPIRE

Photograph Gallery.

Over Veal's Jewelry Store.

ROME, Ga.

Is the place—don't go anywhere else if you want a good picture.

Watch repairing and Jewelry work, Hair cutting and Engraving done in best style, by

Jos. E. VEAL.

A fine assortment of Ladies' Gold Watches and Chains, just received by

JOSEPH E. VEAL.

Specimens of Gold, Silver and Steel, made to order to suit all ages—a large assortment always on hand.

Jos. E. VEAL.

A splendid assortment of Table Ware, consisting of China and Glass Sets, Cut glass Ware, Table Mats, Wafers, etc., just received, by

Jos. E. VEAL.

The "NINETEENTH CENTURY" Publication Co., at Charleston, have been so successful in literary enterprise that they are distributing hundreds of choice Standard works free to the purchasers of the Magazine. Ask for it at News Agency.

AGENTS WANTED.

A Work for the People.

Origin and History

OF THE

BOOKS OF THE BIBLE.

By PROF. C. E. STOWE, D. D.

Modern objections to the Bible are here met with all the masterly learning, logic and power of the distinguished author, making it the best book wanted by every Christian believer or inquirer, as a

Companion and Defender of the Bible.

Endorsed by the Press, Clergy, Professors of Colleges, and men of influence everywhere as the

BOOK FOR THE TIMES.

No other religious work has ever created so much interest, or met so rapid a sale. We make the most favorable terms to Agents of any Publishing House in America. Clergymen, Teachers, Students, old and new Agents, made and made, will please address, for particulars,

J. A. STODARD & CO.,

Chicago, Ill.

COTTEQUILLA PRITLAND.

Concord, Clinton & Scraper.

Long Grape-Vines.

For Sale.

Concord, \$3 per doz. \$20 per 100.

Clinton, \$2 50 " 100 "

Scraper, \$2 50 " 100 "

Address,

LOUT C. JOHNSON,

White Plains, Calhoun County, Ala.

Sept. 18, 1893.

Farnham's Asthma Cure.

From "The People's La Crosse Press."

Those troubled with Asthma should try Farnham's Asthma Cure, for it is the only remedy we ever saw. Three times within two months have we seen it tried, and it always gave immediate relief, and effects a cure. It is a wonderful remedy, all its advocates claim, and one of the most deserving ever used. It is a medicine we endorse a medicine, and never expect to see a cure like this where we have positive proof of its merit.

See Advertisement in our paper to-day. Remedy for sale here by Dr. FRANCIS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County.

Sept. 15, 1893.

THIS day came R. D. Williams, administrator of the Estate of Thomas R. Williams, deceased, and presented and filed in Court his petition in writing, reciting among other things, that his said late father died seized and possessed of the following described Real Estate, lying and being situated in said county of Calhoun, and State of Alabama, to-wit: Lot number (52) thirty-three, in the old plan of the Town of Jacksonville, in said county. Which Lot lies south of the Brick Hotel, on the public square, and is 44 feet front and runs back east to an alley—also the following tract of Land, to-wit: The east half of the north east fourth of section 23, Township 14, Range 8, and the south east fourth of section 14, Township 14, Range 8, east in the Coosa Land District; and that said Thomas R. Williams left the following children and next of kin and heirs at law, to-wit: Francis A. Hart, wife of Thomas A. Hart, Richard D. Williams, both of whom reside in said county of Calhoun, and Nancy Jane Crutchfield, wife of William Crutchfield, and Martha T. Cory, wife of Samuel H. Cory, the last two reside in Chattanooga, Tennessee; Sarah A. Wyle, wife of Benjamin C. Wyle, who resides in Atlanta, Georgia; E. B. Austin, wife of Wm. A. Austin, who resides in Jacksonville, Alabama, and Green W. S. Williams, who resides beyond the limits of the State of Alabama, post office unknown—That all of said heirs are of full age.

Said Administrator further alleges, that the above described Lands and Real Estate, cannot be equitably divided among said heirs, and therefore prays an Order of said Court authorizing him to sell said Land and Real Estate for distribution among said heirs. The premises being considered, it is ordered by the court that the 24th day of October, 1893, be set apart for the hearing of said petition, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican a news paper published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to said non-resident heirs, and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the Court House of said county, on said 24th day of October, 1893, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

A. Woods, Judge of Probate.

Sept. 18, 1893—3t.

WANTED—Agents for

OUR FAMILY PHYSICIAN

JUST THE BOOK NEEDED IN EVERY FAMILY, and so cheap that all can afford it. It is a handsome octavo of 542 closely printed pages containing the matter of a \$5.00 volume, but is sold at 25c. It differs from all similar works, by giving the different modes of applying the *Allopathic, Homoeopathic, Hygienic, Eclectic, and Herbal*, thus rendering it available where other books are of no use. Agents find it by far the best selling book of the kind ever published. Over *Two Thousand* (2,000) Copies have already been sold in the city of Chicago, where the author resides, to send for Circulars, giving full particulars, etc.

Address, C. F. VENT, Publisher, 38 West Fourth St., CINCINNATI, O.

Sept. 18, 1893—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Sept. 15, A. D. 1893.

AT this term of the court came Simpson Skinner, administrator with the will annexed of the Estate of Josiah Womack, deceased, and presents his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate, which is hereby ordered to be filed for inspection of all concerned.—It is further ordered, that the 5th day of October, 1893 be set for making said settlement; and that publication thereof be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a Special Term of said court, to appear at the Court House of said county on said 5th day of October, 1893, and contest said account, if they think proper.

A. Woods, Judge of Probate.

Sept. 11, 1893—3t.

J. P. DENNIS, GEO. C. SWIFT, JOHN REHART.

THE

Large Cotton Warehouse

OF

DENNIS, SWIFT & CO.

SEALING, &c.

Is Again Open.

And will store Cotton on more favorable terms than ever.

We have the largest Warehouse in the city, conveniently situated for both Buyer and Seller, and as we have experienced Cotton Weighers, and Reliable Watchmen, Planters and Merchants can readily see that it will be to their interest to patronize us. Monday, the 2nd day of next (Great) Court, before the court house door in Jacksonville, at 1 o'clock p. m. the following described Lots, to-wit: Part of Lot No. 124, and Lots Nos. 135 and 136, known as the Church Lots—this 2nd.

W. A. & B. C. GAYNELL, W. A. & B. C. GAYNELL.

Sept. 11, 1893.

LAMP AND OIL

STORE.

LIGHT FOR ALL

(COME AND TRY)

THE

NON-

Cotton intended for us should be consigned to us upon delivery to Railroad, so we may attend to weighing, sampling.

We are supplied with Baling Stuffs, doing the heaviest and best brands of Picking, iron bagging, and English Ties, the best iron and most improved spurs, and we supply the same as Provisions or None advances on Cotton consigned to us.

J. M. RENFRO, is the authorized agent for the above House in Calhoun and surrounding counties. sept. 19, 1864

Corn Shellers & Straw Cutters.

Those very useful and valuable articles are now so much in demand, may be had of Messrs. Woodward & Son, of the best test improvement and best quality. They will fill orders upon short notice at manufacturer's prices. No farmer ought to be without them.



POETRY.

Five O'clock in the Morning.

The following popular song, as sung with such thrilling effect by Miss Parepa Rosa, will be new to many of our readers. In its way, there is hardly anything prettier in the language.

The dew lay glittering on the grass,
A mist lay on the brook;
At the earliest beam of the glowing sun,
The swallow her nest forsook;
The snowy bloom of the hawthorn tree
Lay thickly the ground adorning,
The birds were singing on every bush,
At five o'clock in the morning.

And beside the milkmaid, merrily sang,
For the meadows were fresh and fair,
The breeze of the morning kissed her brow,
And played with her nut-brown hair;
But off she turned and looked around,
As if the silence evening;
'Twas time for the mower to whet his scythe,
At five o'clock in the morning.

And over the meadows the mowers came,
And mowed their voices rang;
And one among them whistled his way
To where the milkmaid sang;
And as he lingered by her side,
Despite his country's warning,
The old story was told again,
At five o'clock in the morning.

HOW THEY HAD HIM.

When I was young and tender too,
I had to mind and had to do
Whatever mother laid me,
She used to have a walnut stick
Which kept me on the double-track,
And that was where she had me.

When older grown, and quite a beau
Among the girls, I used to know
A Miss Priscilla Cadney;
And with the help of smiles and nods
I led in love at forty rods,
And there was where she had me.

When I was older, say sixteen,
I thought it time to have a queen,
And asked her to be my wife,
She said she didn't much object,
Or words to something that effect,
And there was where she had me.

But when to make the matter straight
I went up to negotiate
Affairs with Colonel Cadney,
He said he didn't care to sell,
He told me I might go to—well,
And there was where he had me.

I drowned my sorrow in the cup
Until I met my tender up,
(I couldn't have been madder),
When she proposed that we be one,
In spite of me—the thing was done,
And that was where I had her.

Two lovely wench on my knee
I'm proud to say belong to me—
(That is, to me and madam),
For when we left our native soil,
We spent a year or two abroad—
And there was where we had 'em.

Messages from a Living Tomb.

How do men feel when about to die—
Not after being weakened by disease or
after the blow is dealt by the stroke of
battle, but when they see inevitable death
slowly but certainly approaching them
and know that in exactly so many minutes
it will seize upon them and extinguish
the lusty life that animates their frame?
Do they regret the pleasures of their
life, or do they meet it with calmness,
resignation, and dignity? In the recent
terrible colliery explosion in Saxony, all
the miners were not killed immediately,
as was at first supposed; a number of
them were unhurt by the explosion,
and were killed, after an interval of some
time, by suffocation. Some of these poor
fellows occupied the last moments of
their lives in writing messages to their
loved ones, and these were found, when the
bodies were discovered. There is a curious
pathos in some of these messages from the
grave, but the calmness and resignation
which they manifest is their most re-
markable feature.

These men, in the very presence of
death, had thoughts for every one but
themselves. "Dear wife," writes one of
them, "take good care of Mary; in a book
in the bedroom you will find a thaler—
farewell, dear mother and sisters; till we
meet again." One by the name of Schmidt
had pinned a paper on the breast of his
blouse, on which he had written the fol-
lowing words: "My dear relations, while
seeing death before me, I remember you,
farewell till we meet in happiness." A
miner named Bahr, wrote this in his note-
book: "This is the last place where we
have taken refuge. I have given up all
hope, because the ventilation has been
destroyed in three different places. May
God take myself and my relatives and
dear friends who nurse the with me as
well as our families under His protec-
tion." Another has written: "Farewell has
died; Richter left his family to God—
farewell, dear wife; farewell, dear child-
ren; may God keep you." One only ut-
tered a complaint, and it was not a violent
one: "Farewell, dear wife and children;
I did not think it would end so. Ober-
man." One reads these simple messages
with moistened eyes, and pictures to him-
self the scene of these rough-hewn but
soft-hearted men spending their last mo-
ments, not in wild cries for mercy and
screams of remorse, nor in repining at
their cruel fate, but in sending their
farewell words to their loved ones
who were even then bewailing them as
dead.

A Wisconsin paper gives the following
regarding the corn crop with cheerful
dolefulness: "The corn crop is a pigmy,
is a nonentity, it is a fiasco, a humbug,
a bankrupt. Everybody seems to have
planted the small yellow kind, and as
emblematic of its meagerness it is wearing
the weeds of utter desolation. It is no
more appears in silks and tassels.
Joseph of old would make a poor stagger
buying corn the coming harvest."

SLEMA, ROME & DALTON R. R.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Thursday, November 15th,
1868, until further notice, trains of this road
will pass Jacksonville, as follows:
Mail Train Northward at 3:55 P. M.
Southward at 4:00 A. M.
Freight Northward at 4:00 P. M.
Southward at 5:50 A. M.
Freight Northward runs Mondays, Wed-
nesdays and Fridays.
Freight Southward runs Tuesdays, Thurs-
days and Saturdays.

M. S. SEXTON, Asst. Sup't.
E. G. BARNEY, Sup't and Asst.

J. J. VANDIVER,
COTTON FACTOR,
AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Rome, Ga.

Livery, Feed & Sale Stable.

The undersigned are prepared to
feed and take care of stock, to the
satisfaction of their patrons at Henderson's
old Stage Stand, south of the public square.
We will give our personal attention to all
the details of the business and guarantee the
most perfect satisfaction.
We are also prepared to rent persons in any
direction from this place, either on horseback
or in Buggy or Carriage.

MATTHEW & SMITH,
Jacksonville, April 3, 1869.

FARNHAM'S
INSTANT RELIEF
AND PERMANENT CURE

ASTHMA!

Relief Guaranteed in Five Minutes.

PRICE \$2 per Box. Six Boxes \$10.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

FARNHAM'S ASTHMA CURE is a won-
derful Specific and a sure, reliable and
rapid remedy for the Asthma. It has nu-
merous testimonials from the medical profes-
sion, and is daily receiving the highest con-
firmation from the press and public.

Persons afflicted with this distressing and
dangerous ailment, should at once procure a box of this valua-
ble remedy. Full directions accompanying each box.

Sent by mail, securely sealed, with
postage prepaid, to any address within the
United States, on receipt of the price.

Address—

W. H. FARNHAM,

P. O. Drawer 5823, Chicago, Ill.

For sale at

Dr. J. C. French's Drug Store,

Aug. 21, 1868—3m.

ENCOURAGE

Home Productions.

A MOST DELICIOUS TONIC.

A MOST DELICIOUS TONIC.

A MOST DELICIOUS TONIC.

OLD CASHER BITTES.

A SOUTHERN PREPARATION.

ALL AGENTS.

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FEVER and ACUE

R. R. R.

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"HOME AGAIN."

J. C. RICHARDS.

AT HIS OWN HOUSE AGAIN.

SHORE HOTEL,
Broad Street, Rome, Ga.

222 Passengers taken to and from the De-
pot free of charge.

Dec. 5, '68.

WHEREAS, by an act of the General
Assembly of the State of Alabama,
approved the 10th day of October, 1868, it is
provided as follows: "It shall be the
duty of the Probate Judge of each county in
this State to designate a newspaper in which
all legal advertisements, notices or publica-
tions of any and every character required
by law to be made in his County, shall be
published; which paper so designated shall
be the official organ in and for said county,"
and in obedience to the requirements of said
act, I, as Judge of Probate for Calhoun
County, Alabama, did heretofore designate
the "St. Clair County Eagle," as the official
organ in and for said County of Calhoun, in
which all legal advertisements, notices or
publications of any and every character re-
quired by law to be made in and for said
County of Calhoun should be published, said
designation to remain until recalled or changed
by me.

And the "Jacksonville Republican" being
a County paper, published in the Town of
Jacksonville, Alabama, and in my opinion,
clearly within the provisions of said act—
I therefore recall and change my order desig-
nating the St. Clair County Eagle, as the
official organ for said County of Calhoun,
and designate the said Jacksonville Republic
as the official organ hereafter, in which
all legal advertisements, notices or publica-
tions of any and every character required
by law to be made in and for said County
of Calhoun shall be published. This designa-
tion to remain so long as in my opinion, the
Editor of said Jacksonville Republic con-
sents said paper so as to be within the pro-
visions of said act.

W. WOODS, Judge of
Probate.

Feb. 13, 1869.

WEDDING RINGS

MADE TO ORDER, of Pure Gold, and neat-
ly engraved—also Watches and Jew-
elry repaired in best style and warranted.

By

JOS. E. VEAL,

Rome, Ga.

Talladega Normal School.

The first session of this insti-
tution opened on the 1st
Inst. at the Talladega Institute
under the charge of Rev. THOS. A. COOK,
Principal.

The School is reported by the State for
the purpose of preparing Teachers for the
Public Schools of Alabama.

Instruction will be given in the most ap-
proved methods of teaching, and opportunity
of practical instruction in the instruction of
pupils of less advanced grade in common
schools.

Pupils may be admitted into this school at
the recommendation of any teacher of a com-
mon school, with the approval of the County
Superintendent.

Students are to be in good families at resen-
sation.

J. G. CHATBURN,
Sup't Public Schools, Talladega co.

Feb. 19, 1869.—6m.

1000 YARDS TROT LINE.

10,000 FISH HOOKS.

200 LBS. SEIN TWINE.

For Sale by

JOS. E. VEAL.

Rome, Ga.

Watches & Jewelry

Repaired in best style.

J. E. ROBERTSON,
Wholesale Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

SELEMA, ALA.

Prompt attention paid to orders.

Seema, Oct. 10, 1868—5d.

DR. X. E. MILLER

Will continue the practice of Medicine,
in his various branches, at his residence
in Madison St., 18 miles south-west of Jack-
sonville.

Special attention will be given to cases of
cancer, and all diseases of the kidneys and
urinary organs; in the treatment of which he
has in his possession many testimonials of
successful success, for a number of years past.

March 20, 1869.

WANTED

1000 Pounds

TALLOW,

E. J. WOODWARD & SON.

BRING YOUR

LOOSE COTTON

To

WOODWARD & SON, AGTS.

Briarfield Iron Works,

ARE now prepared to fill orders for Iron

by the quantity at

Manufacturer's Prices.

Freight added, in from three to five days

after receiving the order.

Be sure to call upon us before purchasing

elsewhere.

Feb. 20, 1869.

AYER & HILLS,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE

AND

AGRICULTURAL

IMPLEMENTS,

ROME, GA.

Agents for

BUCKEYE & WOOD'S

MOWERS AND REAPERS,

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT.

Dentistry.

Dr. JAMES H. LAWRENCE.



Is permanently located in Jacksonville, and is supplied with every implement & appliance necessary for the discharge of his professional duties. If you wish your teeth put in order, and warranted to stand; or a tooth extracted with ease and certainty; or if you have lost your teeth and would have them replaced artificially, call at the rooms of Dr. Lawrence, second door east of Ryan's Corner. Jan. 30, 1869.—If.

LAW CARDS.

ELLIS & CALDWELL, Attorneys at Law.

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in criminal cases, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1869.

M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY, Attorneys at Law.

Solicitors in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cherokee, DeKalb, Blount, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb, in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

JOHN W. INZER, LEROY F. BOX, INZER & BOX, Attorneys at Law.

Solicitors in Chancery.

ASBURY, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY, FOSTER & FORNEY, Attorneys at Law.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA.

Will practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State. Dec. 23d, 1865.

JOE H. FRANCIS, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

AND—

GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT, Gadsden, Alabama.

Will practice in Barne and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing of claims in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.

H. L. STEVENSON, Attorney at Law.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

December 12, 1868.

NEW HOTEL IN JACKSONVILLE

Tak undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he has opened a HOTEL in the large and commodious Brick Building on the north-east corner of the public square, which was built and fitted up expressly for that purpose. His table will be furnished with the best that the market affords, and no expense or effort spared for the comfort and convenience of his patrons.

Permanent boarders will be taken at fifteen dollars per month, and transient customers at corresponding reasonable rates. S. D. McCLELEN, Jan. 4, 1868.

Dr. J. C. FRANCIS, PRACTISING PHYSICIAN, Jacksonville, Ala.

IS now receiving a large assortment of FRESH MEDICINES. And all articles usually kept in Drug Stores, at his old stand on the north west corner of the Square, which he offers low for cash. Aug. 20, 1868.

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, &c. E. GOODE, Artist.

(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.) Rooms first door north of E. Woodward's Store. June 16, 1866

SUGAR & COFFEE just in. Flour and Meal. CORN, CORN, CORN. SUPERIOR SILVER DRIP SYRUP, For Sale by J. B. TURNLEY & CO. Aug. 21, 1869.

News Agency.

MRS. M. E. ROWLAND, having established a NEWS AGENCY in Jacksonville, at the corner of the public square, a great variety of the latest and most popular Magazines, Periodicals and Newspapers, also Music, School and Miscellaneous Books, & an assortment of Stationery.

Call and examine our stock, and make purchases to suit your fancy. May 30, 1869.

Dr. R. E. W. McADAMS, Surgeon Dentist.

Jacksonville, Ala.

Is devoting his entire attention to the Teeth profession. All operations on the Teeth performed in the most and most durable manner.

He will visit Oxford the 3rd Monday in each month, and remain one week if necessary. The remainder of his time at his office in Jacksonville. Office at his residence. Dec. 12, '68.

LYMAN & ROTHROCK, BOOKSELLERS.

DEALERS IN MUSIC & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Broad Street, SE. M. J. Alabama.

W. C. LYMAN. WM. ROTHROCK. Oct. 10, 1868.—Cm.

E. J. WOOLUN & CO'S.

HAIR, leave Cross Plains Tuesday and Friday at 6 A. M. for Centre, Cedar Bluff, Cornwall, Gaylesville, Trion, LaFayette and Chattahoochee. April 17th, 1869.—If.

THE GREAT CHILL AND FEVER EXPELLER.

LIPPMAN'S PYRAFUGE.

IT IS IN FACT A MOST WONDERFUL Fever Cure, ON ACCOUNT OF THIS INSTANT REMEDY.

MAKING A Lasting and Permanent Cure.

NO CASE However Obsolete, Can Resist its Health giving Properties.

PYRAFUGE.

Creates an Appetite, Brings Color to the Cheeks of the Emaciated and Strength to the Feeble.

Every Bottle sold is accompanied by a Guarantee of its Efficacy.

ASK FOR LIPPMAN'S PYRAFUGE, GET RID OF THAT Miserable Disease CHILLS AND FEVER.

For sale, at Wholesale, by the sole Manufacturer for the United States, by JACOB LIPPMAN, PROPRIETOR OF LIPPMAN'S WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE, Savannah, Ga.

KAYTON'S OIL OF LIFE CURES ALL Pains and Aches!

AND IS THE GREAT RHEUMATISM LINIMENT.

KAYTON'S PILLS Cure Sick Headache, AND ALL BILLIOUS DISORDERS.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS, HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA. November 18, 1865.—If.

Notice to Executors, Administrators and Guardians.

THE Law requires Executors, Administrators and Guardians to make annual settlements; and on their failure to do so, it made my duty under the Law, to see that such settlements are made. The settlements of all Executors, Administrators and Guardians are now due for the past year 1868, and notices hereby given, that all who fail to be and appear at my office, on or before the 1st day of May, 1869, and then and there file their accounts and vouchers for settlements, will be waited upon as the law directs. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. March 13, 1869.

WILL continue the practice of Medicine, in its various branches, at his residence in Madox Road, 13 miles south-west of Jacksonville.

Special attention will be given to cases of gravel, and all diseases of the Kidneys and urinary organs; in the treatment of which he has in his possession many testimonials of eminent success, for a number of years past. March 20, 1869.

"HOME AGAIN." J. C. RAWLINS, AT HIS OWN HOUSE AGAIN. CHOICE HOTEL, Broad Street, Rome, Ga.

Passengers taken to and from the Depot free of charge. Dec. 5, '68.

DR. X. H. MILLER WILL continue the practice of Medicine, in its various branches, at his residence in Madox Road, 13 miles south-west of Jacksonville.

NEW DRUG STORE, DR. J. C. FRANCIS.

Has just received, at his old stand on the North-west corner of the public square, a full and complete assortment of pure, fresh and genuine

DRUGS AND MEDICINES, Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Brushes.

Perfumery, Soaps, Fancy and Toilet Articles.

All of the most popular PATENT MEDICINES, and every thing usually kept in a well assorted

DRUG STORE. He also keeps constantly on hand a variety of

Fine Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Cigars & Snuff.

SODA, YEAST POWDERS, CONCENTRATED LYE, POTASH, &c. &c. FANCY STATIONERY, Pens, Pencils, &c. All of which will be sold low for cash. Jacksonville, Ala., Nov. 14, 1868.

TAILORING BUSINESS.

M. A. TURNER, having determined to locate at this place, most respectfully informs the citizens of Jacksonville and surrounding country, that he has opened a shop in this place for the purpose of doing a general Tailoring Business, and if strict attention to business, good work and neat fits will secure him patronage, he will obtain it, and always be found ready to ent and make work in the latest and most fashionable styles. Particular attention paid to repairing. For recommendation he refers to his work. His shop is on the west side of Main street south of the square.

M. A. TURNER. Jacksonville, Nov. 7, 1868.

JACKSONVILLE HOTEL.

THE undersigned has leased the above HOTEL for a term of years, and is having the same thoroughly repaired and fitted up for the convenience and accommodation of the TRAVELLING PUBLIC. The table will be furnished at all times with the very best of the country and market affords, and the Rooms furnished with good beds kept neat and clean.

The servants polite and accommodating. A good and comfortable black will be kept for the purpose of carrying passengers to and from the depot.

No expense or labor will be spared to make this in every sense a FIRST CLASS HOTEL. Our charges will be as moderate as can be for such a class of house.

Give us a call and try us. W. B. WYNN. Sept. 19, 1868.

W. C. LAND, Watchmaker.

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClellan's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with dispatch and at low rates to suit the times. Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866.

J. R. ROBERTSON, Wholesale Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, &c. SELMA, ALA.

Prompt attention paid to orders. Selma, Oct. 10, 1868.—If.

AYER & HILLS, DEALERS IN HARDWARE AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ROYAL, GA.

Agents for BUCKEYE & WOODS' MOWERS AND REAPERS. PITTS, SWEEPSTAKES & KENTUCKY

Threshers and Cleaners, RAILWAY & LEVER HORSE POWERS, Grain Drills, Horse Rakes and Riding Plows.

Victor Case Mills & Eraporators, Corn Shellers, Feed Cutters, &c. &c.

28 Orders filled promptly for any Machine in use, at Factory Prices, with freight added.

Full descriptions of Machines to be had on application. May 16, 1868.—If.

"HOME AGAIN." J. C. RAWLINS, AT HIS OWN HOUSE AGAIN. CHOICE HOTEL, Broad Street, Rome, Ga.

Passengers taken to and from the Depot free of charge. Dec. 5, '68.

DR. X. H. MILLER WILL continue the practice of Medicine, in its various branches, at his residence in Madox Road, 13 miles south-west of Jacksonville.

Special attention will be given to cases of gravel, and all diseases of the Kidneys and urinary organs; in the treatment of which he has in his possession many testimonials of eminent success, for a number of years past. March 20, 1869.

WE have on hand a large amount, and will continue to keep all sizes of Cast and Wrought Iron Pipe, with all necessary FITTING, which we propose to sell at lower prices than have ever been sold for before in this market.

H. A. GARTRELL & CO. Rome, Ga., June 23, 1869.—3m.

UNIVERSITY OF NASHVILLE, Medical Department.

THE TWENTIETH COURSE OF LECTURES will commence on the FIRST DAY OF NOVEMBER next. The Preliminary Course commences on the FIRST MONDAY IN OCTOBER.

Theory & Practice—WILLIAM K. BOWLING, M. D. Anatomy—THOMAS H. BURNHAM, M. D. Chemistry—J. BRUNNEN LANSKY, M. D. Surgery—WILLIAM T. BRUNNEN, M. D. Institutes—THOMAS L. MADON, M. D. Clinical Medicine—Wm. L. NICOL, M. D. Materia Medica—JOHN H. CALDWELL, M. D. Obstetrics—CHARLES K. WISSEMAN, M. D. Ophthalmology—Vas S. LANSKY, M. D. Surgical Anatomy—Vas S. LANSKY, M. D. Demonstrator—HENRY M. COOPER, M. D.

FEES.—The American Medical Association passed a resolution that no school charging less than \$120, (while it favored by a large majority \$140) should be represented in that body, nor should graduates of such schools be recognized—therefore the ticket for the full course of lectures is \$140; Matriculating \$5; Dissecting \$10; Graduating \$20.

For additional information apply to J. BERRIEN LINDSEY, 14 Dean of the Faculty. Aug. 1869.

Eclectic Medical College OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

The Sixth Session of this College will begin its preliminary course the 4th day of October, and the regular course on Wednesday, the 13th day of October, 1869, and continue eighteen weeks.

JOSEPH R. BUCHANAN, M. D., Emeritus Professor and Lecturer on the Institutes of Medicine.

Robert S. Newton, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Surgical Diseases.

Paul W. Allen, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine.

William H. Hadley, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

James M. Collins, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

Edwin Freeman, M. D., Professor of Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.

J. M. F. Browne, M. D., LL. D., Professor of Physiology and Pathology.

J. Milton Sanders, M. D., LL. D., Professor of Chemistry.

H. D. Garrison, M. D., Professor of Pharmacy.

Frank Taylor, A. M., Professor of Medical Jurisprudence.

John H. Ellis, M. D., Demonstrator and Adjunct Professor of Anatomy.

FEES. Fees for one full course of Lectures \$100. Matriculation Fee \$5.00. Dissection Fee \$10.00. Graduation Fee \$20.00. For certificate of scholarship, for which the holder may attend two or more courses of Lectures, or until he graduates, to be paid in advance.

Scholarship, entitling the holder to keep a Student in the College ten years. 500

To keep one Student in the College perpetually. 1,000

Students have access to all the hospitals in the city.

Board may be had for six or seven dollars a week. Students arriving in the city will call at the office of Professor Collins, No. 100 East 26th street, near Fourth Avenue, or at the College, 221 East 26th street, where they will be assisted in procuring board.

Any further information may be obtained by addressing ROBERTS, NEWTON, M. D., Pres. Faculty, 30 East 19th st. Aug. 14, 1869.—If.

FALL & WINTER IMPORTATION 1869. RIBBONS.

MILLINERY & STRAW GOODS. Armstrong, Cator & Co. 237 & 239 BALTIMORE STREET, BALTIMORE.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF BONNET & TRIMMING RIBBONS, VELVET AND SASH RIBBONS, BOWNE SILKS SATINS AND VELVETS, Illusions, Blonds, Laces, Ruchers, Netts and Crapes.

FRENCH FLOWERS AND FEATHERS, STRAW BONNETS AND LADIES' HATS

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED, Silk, Velvet & Felt Bonnets & Hats, Sundowns and Shaker Hoods.

The largest Stock of Millinery Goods in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety, which we offer at prices that will defy competition.

ORDERS SOLICITED. AUG. 21, 1869.—3m.

Cast and Wrought Iron Pipe AT THE ROME Gas Works.

WE have on hand a large amount, and will continue to keep all sizes of Cast and Wrought Iron Pipe, with all necessary FITTING, which we propose to sell at lower prices than have ever been sold for before in this market.

H. A. GARTRELL & CO. Rome, Ga., June 23, 1869.—3m.

A STRONG SPEECH FROM MR. PENDLETON.

Is Opposed to 15th Amendment and Chinese Immigration.

His Financial Views—Hard Times Accounted For.

From the Cincinnati Commercial, 14th. NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

I cannot agree with Governor Hayes that all the vexed questions of our national politics are wisely and happily settled.

that the great questions of liberty and union, and the reconstruction of the Union, have been made safe. I cannot agree with that retrogression, economy and honesty have been introduced into the management of Federal expenditures; that the debt has been decreased and is decreasing, and that the burdens of taxation have been reduced, and the weight upon the people lightened; that sound judgment and freedom from land influences have been brought to exercise an immense power on the Secretary of the Treasury; that business is active; that enterprise is active; that vigor, energy and industry are beautifully rewarded; employment abundant, and daily toil fairly compensated; commerce prosperous, and therefore I cannot, sincerely as our worthy Governor does, turn my face from all questions of Federal policy that look only at State affairs. It ought to be so, if it were not for the schemes of consolidation, if State affairs were left to State management, and Federal affairs kept within scope of the constitutional provision it would be so.

RECONSTRUCTION—TAXATION.

But I can't pretend to believe what I know to be false. I cannot say the Union is restored when Virginia, Mississippi and Texas are under Military Government, and Georgia is without representation in Congress. I cannot say that peace is restored when the rebel army is still in the field, and our country is still in the hands of the rebels. I cannot say that the harmony of our Federal system is maintained when Federal power is brought to bear, with all its force of law and of arms, to compel the States to change their Constitutions and the Constitution of the Federal Government.

I cannot say that the people are not benefited when a debt of \$2,000,000,000 is piled upon their shoulders, and this immense amount is increased six hundred millions by a resolution of Congress "to improve the public debt."

I cannot say that their burdens are lightened when \$200,000,000 are annually drawn from the pockets of active labor and nothing from dead capital.

I cannot say that taxation is equal, when bonds are exempted and labor is crushed beneath its exactions.

I cannot say that honesty and economy mark the collection and disbursement of the revenue, when the Secretary of the Treasury pays one hundred and twenty millions for a loan which he may redeem for one hundred dollars, and when the Commissioner of Internal Revenue wishes, above all things, that he may send a Supervisor to the Penitentiary.

I cannot say that all is prosperous when agricultural products are so low, and employment so scarce, and wages so reduced, and interest on money so high, and good, honest, honorable men in every branch of commercial and mercantile and mechanical industry are on the verge of hopeless bankruptcy.

The scheme of reconstruction of this Administration, its action towards Virginia, its administration of affairs, its neglect of American citizens who have been imprisoned or murdered in Ireland or Cuba, its utter shamelessness in selling high offices, its utter want of appreciation of its grave duties and responsibilities, but I refrain at this time.

IS OPPOSED TO THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

I oppose the adoption of the 15th Constitutional Amendment because it is a material Radical change in our system of government; because it destroys the relation of the States to the Federal Union, which the Constitution established, and degrades them; because it takes away from the States without their consent, that essential attribute of a self-governing community, the right to determine who shall exercise the right of suffrage.

Object to its adoption because it was intended to, and will introduce negro suffrage in Ohio against the will of her people. Two years ago the people of Ohio, without distinction of party, by an immense majority refused to amend the State Constitution. They did this after full argument—after full consideration of negro suffrage. I see no reason to believe that they have changed their opinion.

Yet now the attempt is to be made force them to submit to the system which they so emphatically and deliberately rejected. The convention which nominated General Grant declared, as a part of its creed, "The question of suffrage in all the United States properly belongs to the people of those States." And yet in one short year the test of loyalty and patriotism, by this same party, is to deny to the States the regulation of the suffrage.

I object to its adoption, because by the strongest implication it confers upon Congress, and reserves to the States the right to exclude from the ballot persons of our own white race because of their nativity or their creed or their want of education or poverty, and prohibits the exclusion of any other race, and if the interpretation of Senators Morton and Howard be correct, under this amendment States may exclude Irishmen, Ger-

mans, Catholics, Protestants or poor men, but not the negro. I object to the adoption, because it is a part and parcel of a scheme to flood the country with a forced importation of immense numbers of Chinese coolies, and bring into our midst an alien race, and repeat in a more difficult form of government, questions which have so unhappily divided the people.

ALSO TO COOLIES.

The opening of the Pacific railroad, the demand for labor at the South, the desire for number hands and less voracious appetites in the factories, have turned the attention of speculators to the teeming populations of the East. They find these warm fertile countries densely crowded with a patient, degraded, and heathen race.

Their skilled laborers get three or four dollars per month, and with this they seem content. They work from daylight to sunset, and have but a single holiday in the year. Their food consists of rice, salt, a few vegetables, and sometimes fish. The plan proposed is to bring immense numbers of these people here to supply the demand for labor in the fields and the factories and the shops.

We in Ohio, I do not appreciate the importance of this movement.

I protest against it now, in time, before it is carried out—before they come among us—before we are confronted with duties and obligations, and interests growing out of their presence. They are an alien, an inferior, and idolatrous race. They have not our tastes, or habits, or manners, or development, or religion.

They are not fit to become citizens, or to enjoy the right of suffrage. Americanization would injure both their race and ours. Isolation will give rise to great troubles. England, Ireland, Germany, Norway, France have an overflowing population of their own race, similar to us in blood, in manners, habits, and in religious faith—an industrious, sturdy, self-reliant, self-respecting people. They are fit to become citizens. They will mix with us, and our country will be the richer for the association. Let us invite them with open arms to come to us. Let us people our country with the best races of men.

But the Chinese will give us cheap labor! Cheap human labor! I despise the word. It signifies a crime and a shame. It signifies equator, degradation, ignorance, vice. Are not laborers men? Our fellow-men? They have bodies to clothe, and stomachs to feed, and minds to educate, and spirits to elevate, and age to provide for. They have homes which they love, and wives whom they cherish, and children whom they hope to make worthy citizens—the honest fathers and the virtuous mothers of a succeeding generation. And can you remember these duties and see these aspirations, can you contemplate the patient hopefulness of cheerful and contented, but utterly fairly compensated, industry, and talk cheap labor? Labor is too cheap now. Labor does not receive its just reward. This country needs skillful laborers and honest, intelligent, unflinching, zealous industry; it needs that such labor shall not be cheap, but that it shall be most honorably rewarded. The relation of capital and labor is now badly adjusted. Idle money—money which has no human wants or affections or sympathies—money more than labor, with all its sweat and toil and suffering. Money combines with money and seeks increase and immunity under acts of incorporation. When laborers combine for their protection they are in some of our States denounced by the law and everywhere looked upon with suspicion. They should not antagonize. They should co-operate. They should be in harmony. I do not know that the full solution of this great problem has been discovered, but I believe great progress has been made in late years to establish a juster and better relation. That progress will continue. It must command the efforts of an advancing civilization and the favor of a just God, until at last the human intellect and hand and blood, as they constitute the soldier, shall also be the better paid member in the great partnership of labor and capital.

ST LEDGER GREENFEL.

The Romance of a Heroic Life.

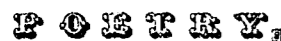
From the Kansas City Times.

The career of this man is as wonderful as it is alluring. Romance seemed to have entered into his being and given to the soldier of the nineteenth century the personal daring and adventure of the seventeenth.

A captain in the Crimea, he rode down to the charge at Balaklava with his sword, when the 92d Highlanders won their bonnets, and when.

"Never since the days of Jesus, Trembled so the Cheronensis."

An aid-de-camp to Bazaine, the French Emperor's commander-in-chief in Mexico, he was desperately wounded at Magenta in the celebrated charge made by two brigades of Zouaves upon the massed artillery of the Austrians. A private in China, he was the second at the storm of the Emperor's palace and received a sabre stroke which marked his face for life from forehead to chin. A lieutenant of Spahis in Algeria, the man who paraded squadron one day for review before Marshal McMahon. The Frenchman's trained eye saw down the swart ranks and he called to an orderly: "Send that officer to



Benjamin F. Jones;
General Merchandise,
COTTON FACTOR,
AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,